





# **Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward Looking Information**

Certain information contained in this presentation constitutes forward-looking information within the meaning of Canadian securities laws ("forward-looking statements"). All statements in this presentation, other than statements of historical fact, which address events, results, outcomes or developments that Marathon expects to occur are forward-looking statements. More particularly and without restriction, this presentation contains forward-looking statements and information about economic analyses for the Valentine Gold Project, capital and operating costs, processing and recovery estimates and strategies, future exploration plans, objectives and expectations of Marathon, future mineral resource and mineral reserve estimates and updates and the expected impact of exploration drilling on mineral resource estimates, future feasibility studies and environmental impact statements and the timetable for completion and content thereof and statements as to management's expectations with respect to, among other things, the matters and activities contemplated in this presentation. A mineral resource that is classified as "inferred" or "indicated" has a great amount of uncertainty as to its existence and economic and legal feasibility. It cannot be assumed that any or part of an "indicated mineral resource" or "inferred mineral resource" will ever be upgraded to a higher category of mineral resource. Investors are cautioned not to assume that all or any part of mineral deposits in these categories will ever be converted into proven and probable mineral reserves.

For a more detailed list of specific forward-looking statements and information applicable to Marathon, the underlying assumptions and factors that could cause future results or events to differ materially from current expectations expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements, refer to Marathon's Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2020 and other filings made with Canadian securities regulatory authorities and available at www.sedar.com. Other than as specifically required by law, Marathon undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which such statement is made, or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events, whether as a result of new information, future events or results otherwise.

Disclosure of a scientific or technical nature in this presentation has been approved by Mr. Tim Williams, FAusIMM, Chief Operating Officer of Marathon, Mr. Paolo Toscano, P.Eng. (Ont.), Vice President, Projects for Marathon, and Mr. James Powell, P.Eng. (NL), Vice President, Regulatory and Government Affairs for Marathon. Ms. Jessica Borysenko, P.Geo. (NL), is responsible for data quality assurance and control for Marathon. Mr. Williams and Ms. Borysenko have verified the data disclosed, including sampling, analytical and test data underlying the information contained in this presentation. This included a site inspection, drill database verification, and independent analytical testwork.

The Qualified Person responsible for the preparation of the November 2020 Valentine Gold Project Mineral Resource Estimate is Robert Farmer, P.Eng. of John T Boyd Company. The Qualified Person responsible for the preparation of the Mineral Reserves and mine planning is Marc Schulte, P.Eng., of Moose Mountain Technical Services. Roy Eccles, P.Geo., of APEX Geoscience Ltd. is the Qualified Person responsible for geological technical information including a QA/QC review of drilling and sampling data used in the Mineral Resource Estimate. Paul Staples P.Eng., of Ausenco Engineering Canada Inc. is the Qualified Person responsible for the design of the process plant and infrastructure, and financial modelling. Peter Merry, P.Eng., of Golder Associates Ltd. is the Qualified Person responsible for site water management infrastructure. Sheldon Smith, P.Geo., of Stantec Consulting Ltd. is the Qualified Person responsible for site water balance and surface water management. Shawn Russell. P.Eng. and Carolyn Anstey-Moore, P.Geo of GEMTEC Consulting Engineers and Scientists Limited are the Qualified Persons responsible for site wide geotechnical and hydrogeological considerations. Each of Mr. Farmer, Mr. Eccles, Mr. Staples, Mr. Schulte, Mr. Merry, Mr. Smith, Mr. Russell and Mrs. Anstey-Moore are considered to be "independent" of Marathon and the Valentine Gold Project for purposes of NI 43-101.

# **Valentine Gold Project**

- 100% Ownership; Central Newfoundland
- Largest Gold Resource in Atlantic Canada
  - 3.14 Moz. M&I (56.7 Mt at 1.72 g/t Au)
  - 1.64 Moz. Inferred (29.6 Mt at 1.72 g/t)
- March 2021 FS: Low Initial Capital-High ROR
  - 13 Year Mine Life; 2.05 Moz. Mineral Reserve; 173 koz/a run rate 2024-2033
  - C\$305M Initial Capex & AISC US\$833/oz
  - After-tax 31.5% IRR & C\$600M NPV $_{5\%}$  at US\$1,500 Gold
- Well Financed
  - C\$107M in cash and cash equivalentsnote 6







# **Moving Forward on Three Fronts**

Feasibility Study completed

Detailed Engineering

Mine Procurement

**Building the Team** 

Permitting

Engineering

Ongoing EA Process

**EIS Review** 

Stakeholder Engagement

**Exploration** 

**Doubled-Down Exploration** 

First Berry Mineral Resource

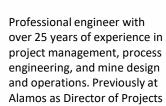
#### Notes:

- 1. Mineral Resources are inclusive of the Mineral Reserves
- 2. Inferred Mineral Resources that are within the open pits are treated as waste and excluded from the FS economic analysis.
- 3. Mineral Resources that are not Mineral Reserves do not have economic viability
- 1. See "Notes to the Mineral Resources", slide 21 and "Notes to the Mineral Reserves", slide 23
- 5. See "Notes on non-IFRS Measures", slide 48
- 6. Unaudited cash balance at June 30, 2021. In-the-money warrants due September 2021 could provide an additional C\$12 million of liquidity



Matt Manson
President, CEO & Director

Over 25 years in mining exploration, project development, construction and operation. Previously President & CEO of Stornoway Diamond Corp. 2015 Viola Macmillan Award. 2017 Northern Miner Mining Person of the Year



Over 20 years experience as

regulatory specialist with the

an environmental and

federal government and

private sector. Previously

worked with the Canadian Environmental Assessment Agency as a Project Manager



Paolo Toscano VP, Projects



**Tara Oak** Manager, EA

Hanne CFO & Busin

Hannes Portmann
CFO & Business Development



James Powell
VP, Regulatory & Gov. Affairs



Nic Capps
Exploration Manager

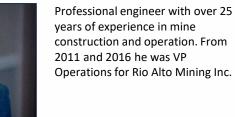
Mining executive with financial management and capital markets experience. Previously employed by New Gold in a series of senior roles including EVP, Business Development and, President & CEO

Mining professional with over 20 years of technical and project management experience in mining, civil, geotechnical, and environmental engineering/sciences

Accomplished mining geologist with over 10 years experience in the gold exploration industry in Newfoundland



Tim Williams
Chief Operating Officer



A lawyer with over 30 years experience in the area of stakeholder and Indigenous relations both in public and private sectors. Previously worked as a sustainability advisor



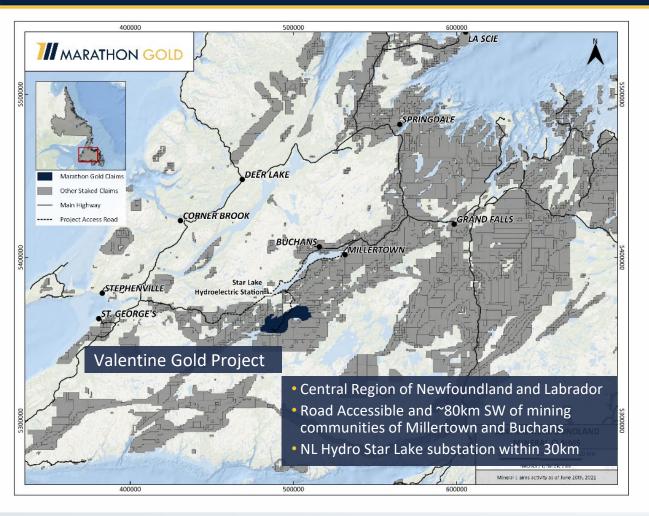
Mary Hatherly
Manager, Stakeholder Engagement



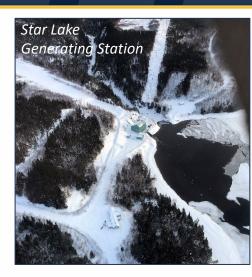
Amanda Mallough
Sr Associate, Investor Relations

Over 5 years experience in Investor Relations and corporate communications. Previously employed at New Gold Inc.

to Equinor Canada









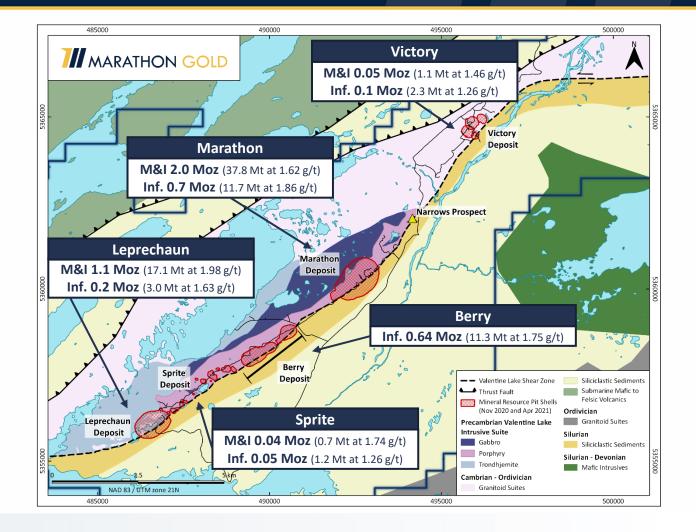


QTP-VG extension veining with tourmaline bleeding along shear fractures. Marathon Deposit discovery outcrop



QTP-Au veining exposed at Leprechaun Pond, 2011

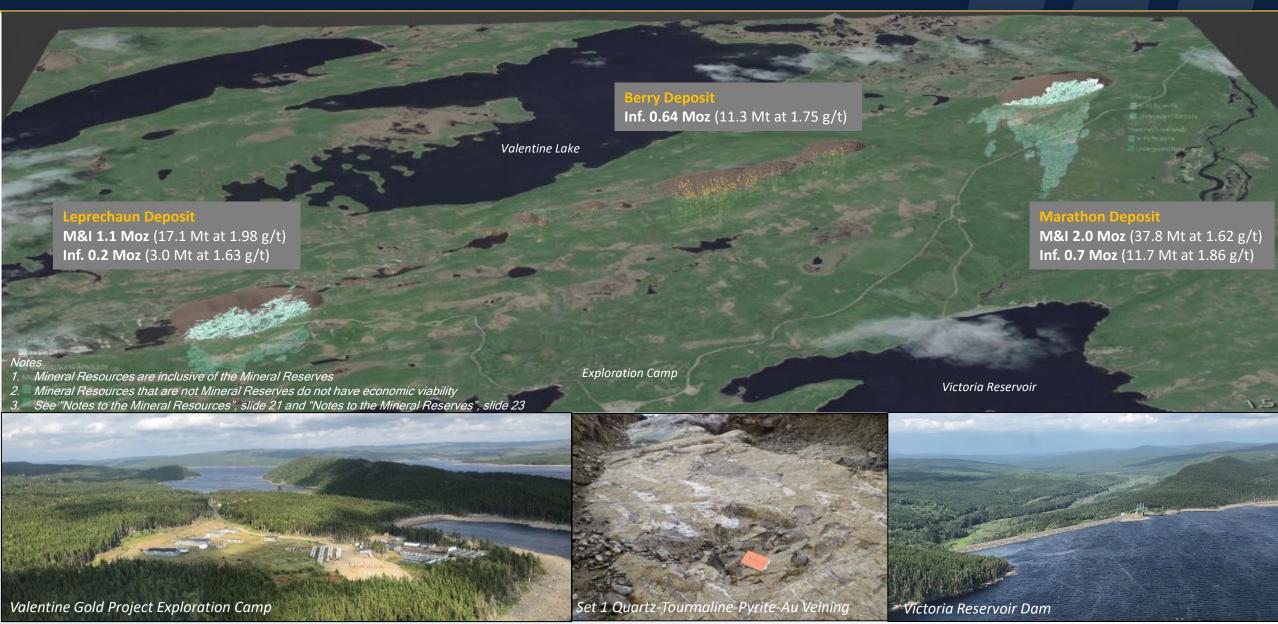
- Shear Zone hosted gold deposit on 20km trend
- System of extensional Quartz-Tourmaline-Pyrite-Gold ("QTP-Au") veins adjacent to the Valentine Lake Shear Zone
- Mineralization in hanging wall Quartz Eye Porphyry and Trondhjemite in contact with footwall Rogerson Lake Conglomerates
- Initial QTP-Au showings discovered around Leprechaun Pond
- Five deposits with Mineral Resources now identified
- Berry Deposit continues to be focus of exploration



### Notes

- 1. Mineral Resources are inclusive of the Mineral Reserves
- 2. Mineral Resources that are not Mineral Reserves do not have economic viability
- 3. See "Notes to the Mineral Resources", slide 21 and "Notes to the Mineral Reserves", slide 23

One of Canada's Leading Gold Development Projects



# Headline Results of the Valentine Feasibility Study



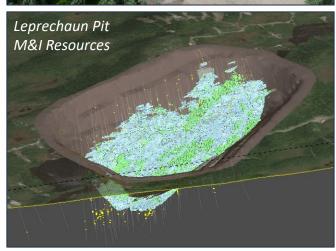
## Mineral Reserves and Resources<sup>notes1-3</sup>

- 2.05 Moz. P&P Reserves (47.1 Mt at 1.36 g/t Au)
- 3.14 Moz. M&I Resources (56.7 Mt at 1.72 g/t Au)
- 1.64 Moz. Inf. Resources (29.6 Mt at 1.72 g/t Au)

# **Mining and Processing**

- Two open pits. Conventional drill & blast/truck & shovel mining. Conventional mill. Thickened tails.
- 6,800 tpd (2.5 Mtpa) Gravity-Leach expanded to 11,000 tpd (4.0 Mtpa) Gravity-Flotation-Leach
- 13 Year Mine Life 2023-2036
- Run-rate 2024-2033: 173 koz/year (high grade) note4
- Run-rate 2034-2036: 56 koz/year (stockpile)





# Capital and Operating Costsnote5

- C\$305M Initial Capex, C\$44M Expansion Capital, C\$662M LOM Total Capital<sup>note6</sup>
- LOM Total Cash Cost US\$704/oz
- LOM Project AISC US\$833/oz<sup>note7</sup>

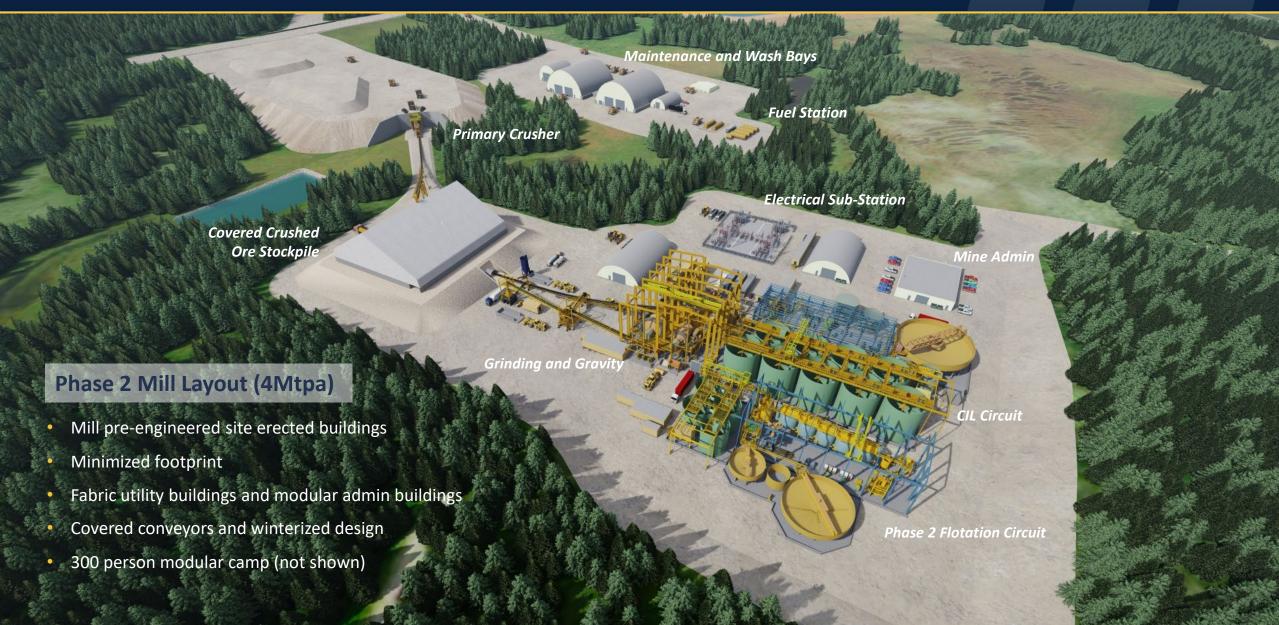
# Valuation and Cash Flow<sup>note5</sup>

- Inputs of US\$1,500/oz Gold Price at US\$:C\$ 0.75
- Post-Tax NPV<sub>5%</sub> C\$600M, 31.5% IRR, 1.9 yr Payback
- NPV<sub>5%</sub>/Initial Capex of 2.0x
- EBITDA of C\$2,048M at 53% margin
- Post-Tax unlevered free cash flow of C\$973M
- Direct Provincial and Federal taxes of C\$413M

#### Notes:

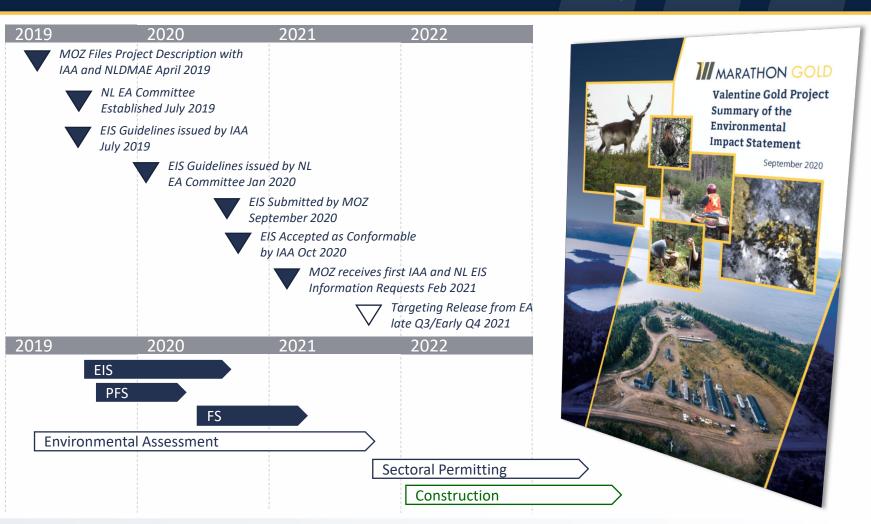
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- Measured in full years, excluding 2023 stub-year covering mill commissioning and ramp-up.
- 5. See "Notes on non-IFRS Measures", slide 48
  - LOM Total Capital is Inclusive of Initial, Expansion Capital, closure costs and salvage
- 7. AISC definition includes Sustaining Capital estimated without salvage







- The Valentine Gold Project is subject to regulation under the environmental protection regimes of the Canadian Environmental Assessment Act and the Newfoundland and Labrador ("NL") Environmental Protection Act
- Marathon filed a project description with both the Impact Assessment Agency ("IAA") and the NL Department of Municipal Affairs and Environment ("NLDMAE") in April, 2019. An NL EA Committee was struck on July, 2019.
- Filed the Environmental Impact Statement ("EIS") on September 30, 2020.
- Entered into Cooperation Agreements with the six surrounding communities December, 2020.
- Signed Social Economic Agreement with Qalipu FN and MOU with Miawpukek FN May, 2021.
- Responses filed on all Federal and Provincial Information Requests in May and August 2021 respectively following technical review and public commentary.





# **Detailed Engineering**

- Detailed engineering for tailings (Golder), water management (Stantec), site geotech (GEMTEC), pit geotech and hydrogeology (Terrane), and powerline design (NL Hydro)
- Detailed engineering on mill and major facilities with Ausenco under an August 2021 MOU for a fixed-price EPC contract representing c.50% of the Project's scope.
- Results are being incorporated into a control budget and schedule that would support a potential construction decision later this year.

### Infrastructure

- Implementation Agreement with NL Hydro for a 49.5km long powerline from the Star Lake generating station July 2021. Approval by NL Public Utilities Board August, 2021. Environmental Review Report and detailed engineering ongoing.
- Access road and bridge upgrades following release from the Project's EA.

### **Procurement**

- Construction packages valued at C\$118M awarded for mobile mining and drilling equipment, earthworks, camp, bridge repair, security, and tree cutting.
- 420 bed camp acquired and en-route to Badger staging area for refurbishment.





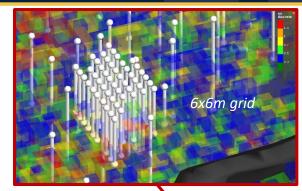


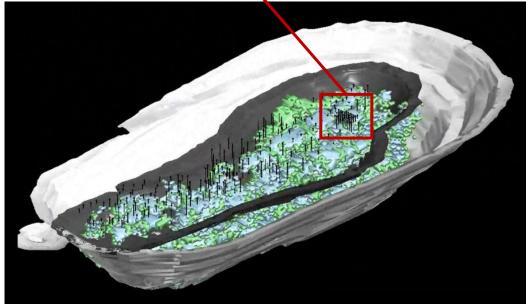
# RC Grade Control and Resource Reconciliation Program

- 12,141m Reverse Circulation drill program now completed. Awaiting assay results.
- 302 holes 35-60m deep in Phase 1 Pits of Leprechaun and Marathon Deposits
- Objective: Mineral Resource reconciliation and grade control planning
- Results due prior to end of year













# **Social Capital**

- Supporting local communities through priority hiring and procurement, sponsorships, and investments in health and infrastructure
- Socio-Economic Agreement with the Qalipu Mi'kmaq First Nation and MOU with the Miawpukek First Nation
- Six Community Cooperation Agreements
- NL Benefits Agreement under development

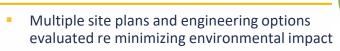
### Governance

- Strengthened control environment
- 7 of 8 Board Directors independent
- Board Technical Committee with broad oversight
- ITRB established with industry tailings experts
- Share Ownership Policy for board and management – Up to 3x base salary



Respect, Accountability, Transparency, Inclusion and Prosperity

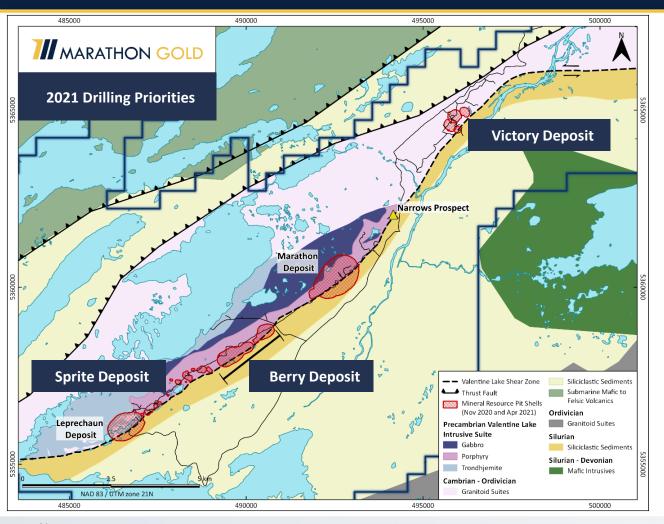
### **Environment**



- Thickened tailings deposition strategy for better operational management and closure
- Mitigation strategy under development for minimizing impacts on NL caribou migrations
- ESMS with standards based targets: TSM, EP4, International Cyanide Code

# **Human Capital**

- M
- Prioritizing safe working and community health
- Team, community and stakeholder communication
- Commitment to NL hiring and purchasing
- Strengthening board and management gender diversity over 40% of team members female
- Development of NL Gender, Diversity and Inclusion Plan and NL Workforce Development Plan



## **Initial 2021 Exploration Program: Drilling for Ounces**

- C\$10.5M Program
- 30,000m at Berry Zone;
- Up to 8,000m at both the Sprite and Victory Deposits
- Up to 6,000m for grassroots projects and new discovery

# **April 2021: Maiden Berry Resource Estimate**

- Inferred Mineral Resources: 0.64 Moz (11.33Mt at 1.75 g/t Au)
- Based on 42,000m of drilling completed to end Nov. 2020

# **May 2021: Doubling Down on Exploration**

- Additional 50,000m at Berry Zone
- Targeting 120,000m along full 1.5 km Berry length by summer 2022
- Additional drilling based on 2021 results

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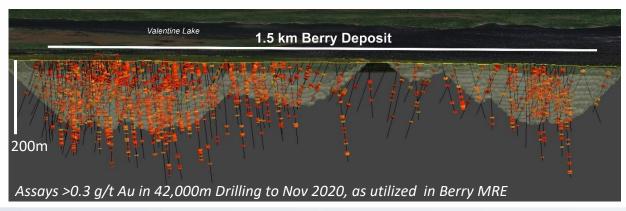
## **April 2021: Maiden Berry Resource Estimate**

• Inferred Mineral Resources: 0.64 Moz (11.33Mt at 1.75g/t Au):

## **Recent Published Drill Intercepts from Berry**

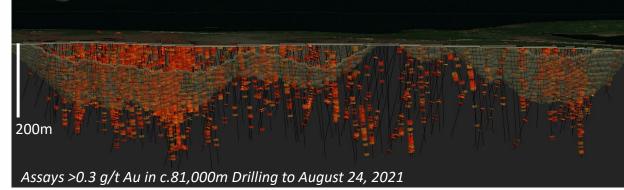
(Intercepts received following the cut-off for the April 15, 2021 Berry Resource)

- 2.71 g/t Au over 122m and 1.69 g/t Au over 156m and 1.70 g/t Au over 87m (VL-21-984, VL-21-987 and VL-21-981, release dated April 26, 2021)
- 1.96 g/t Au over 101m and 5.19 g/t Au over 21m and 5.07 g/t Au over 19m (VL-21-991, VL-21-1000 and VL-21-995 release dated May 18, 2021)
- 5.59 g/t Au over 21m (VL-21-1010, release dated July 22, 2021)
- 22.97 g/t Au over 6m and 1.73 g/t over 39m (VL-21-1035, release dated Aug 24, 2021)









#### Notes

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- 2. All quoted intersections comprise uncut gold assays in core lengths. Please refer to the cited news releases for details on quality control and assurance procedures, estimated true thicknesses and the application of cut-offs.

## **Historical Resource Estimates**

(November 2020 after 2014 Drilling)

### **Victory**

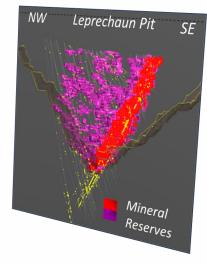
- Indicated Mineral Resources: 0.05 Moz (1.1 Mt at 1.46 g/t Au)
- Inferred Mineral Resources: 0.1 Moz (2.3 Mt at 1.26 g/t Au)

## **Sprite**

- Indicated Mineral Resources: 0.04 Moz (0.7 Mt at 1.74 g/t)
- Inferred Mineral Resources: 0.05 Moz (1.2 Mt at 1.26 g/t)

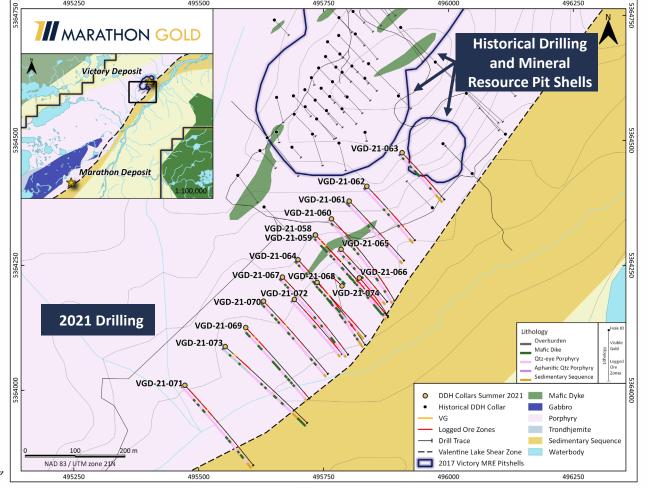






QTPV and VG in Victory Core

Exploration Model: "Main Zones"



Drilling at Victory

- 1. The reader is reminded that mineral resources which are not mineral reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability. The estimate of mineral resources may be materially affected by environmental, permitting, legal, title, socio-political, marketing, or other relevant issues including risks set forth in in Marathon's Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2020 and other filings made with Canadian securities regulatory authorities and available at www.sedar.com.
- 2. All quoted intersections comprise uncut gold assays in core lengths. Please refer to the cited news releases for details on quality control and assurance procedures, estimated true thicknesses and the application of cut-offs.



**Vigorous 2021 Exploration Program Valentine FS Study – April 2021** Maiden Berry Mineral Resource Estimate - April 2021 2021 Resource RC Reconciliation Program - Q4 2021 **Release from EA and Mine Permitting Project Financing Guidance** Commencement of Mine Construction, Infrastructure and Site - Q1 2022 **Ongoing Vigorous Exploration Program** 2022 Updated Mineral Resource Estimate – Mid 2022 Mine Construction, Facilities and Major Civils - Q2 2022 2023 First Gold Pournote 1







Financings in Past 12 Months									
December 2020	May 2021	July 2021							
C\$8.7M	C\$50M	Credit Facility							
3M FT common shares at	14.3M common shares at	Exclusive, Indicative Term							
C\$2.85	C\$2.45	Sheet for US\$185M Term							
(Pierre Lassonde C\$7.5M)	4.8M FT common shares	Loan with Sprott Resource							
	at C\$3.10	Lending							

Balance Sheet and Share	Capitalization
Share Price (October 15, 2021)	C\$3.02/share
52 Week High / Low	C\$3.73/ C\$2.10
Shares Outstanding (September, 2021) <sup>note 4</sup>	253.5 million
Options (average price \$1.37)	10.7 million
Fully Diluted (September, 2021) note 4	264.3 million
Market Capitalization (basic)	C\$798 million
Treasury (September, 2021) note 5	C\$105 million
11 Sell Side Analysts	11 Buys. Targets between C\$3.50 and C\$5.70

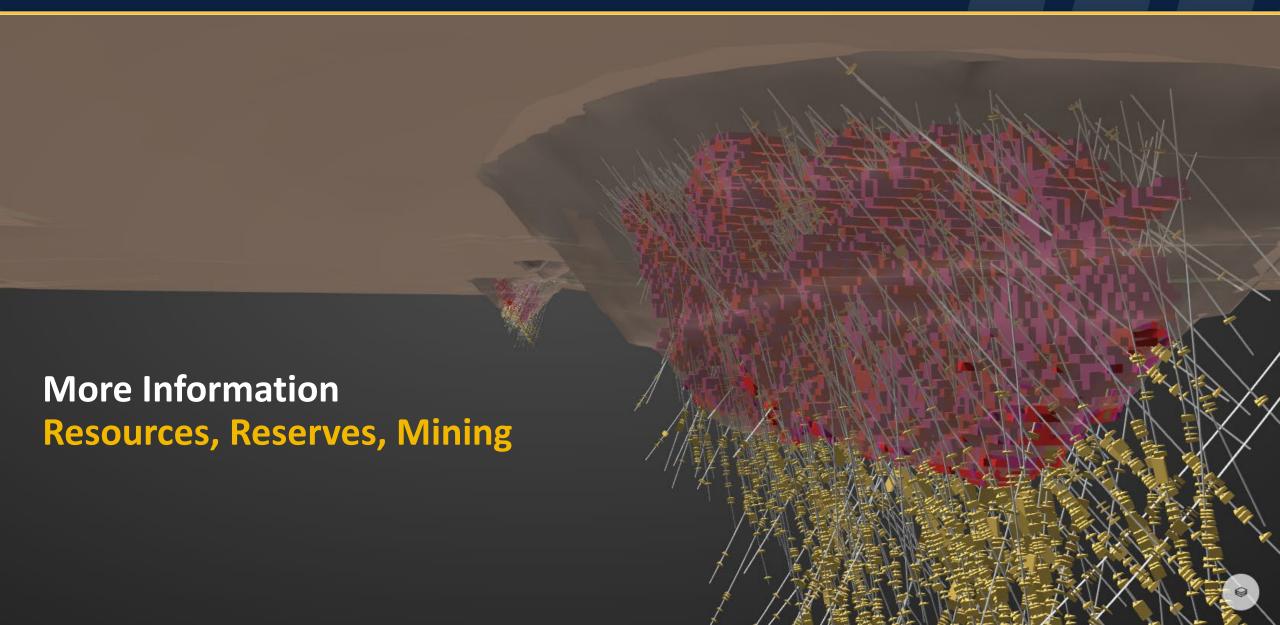
Project Financial Metrics Sensitivity to Gold Price (March, 2021 FS <sup>note 3</sup> )										
Gold Price (US\$/oz)		<b>\$1,500</b> Base Case	7	<b>\$1,550</b> Consensus	7	<b>\$1,750</b> Spot				
	0%	\$973		\$1,052		\$1,351				
	3%	\$727		\$792		\$1,033				
After Tex NDV (C\$NA)	5%	\$600		\$657		\$868				
After-Tax NPV (C\$M)	8%	\$450		\$497		\$672				
	10%	\$370		\$412		\$568				
	15%	\$223		\$255		\$375				
After-Tax IRR		31.5%	33.9%			42.2%				
NPV <sub>5%</sub> /Capex		2.0x		2.2x		2.8x				
After-Tax Payback	Years	1.9		1.7		1.4				
EBITDA	(C\$M)	\$2,048		\$2,175		\$2,682				
EBITDA Margin		53%		54%		60%				
Total After-Tax FCF <sup>note4</sup> (C\$M)		\$973		\$1,052		\$1,351				
Average Annual FCF <sup>note5</sup> (C\$M)		\$119		\$126		\$152				
	Top Shareholders									

Top Shareholders								
Blackrock	Merk Investments							
Van Eck Associates	BCI Ventures							
1832 Asset Management	Franklin Advisers							
RBC Global Asset Management	Earth Resource Investment AG							
JP Morgan Asset Management	Pierre Lassonde							

#### Notes

- 1. See "Notes on non-IFRS Measures", slide 48 and in the Marathon AIF for the year ending December 31, 2020
- 2. Payback is defined as achieving cumulative positive free cashflow after all cash costs and capital costs, including sustaining and expansion.
- 3. Valuation Assumptions: US\$1500/oz for Base Case Financial Model and Valuation, US\$:C\$ exchange of 0.75, 5% discount rate, discounted to Dec 31, 2021, January 1, 2022 construction start; October 2023 first gold pour
- 4. Estimated at close of May 2021 private placement financing and May 2021 in the money warrants
- 5. Unaudited cash balance at end September 2021, following the exercise of all warrants due September 30, 2021

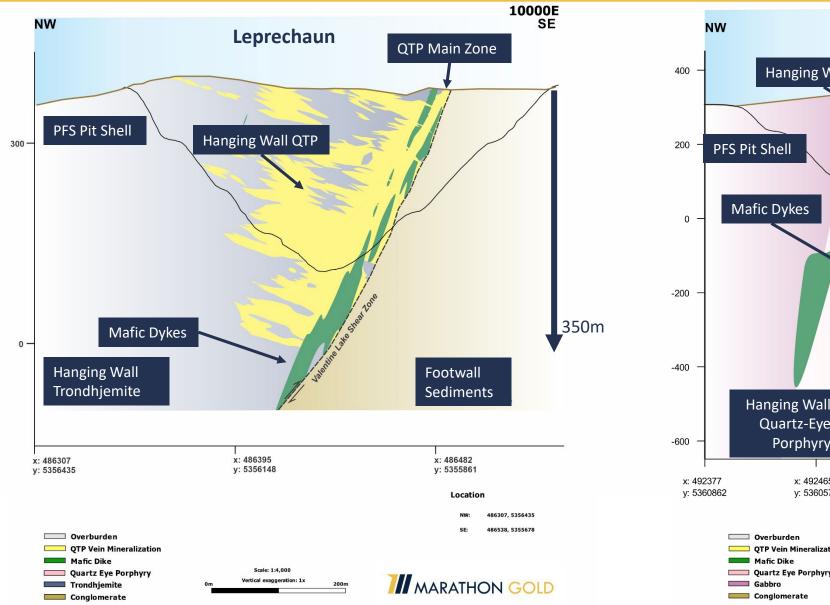


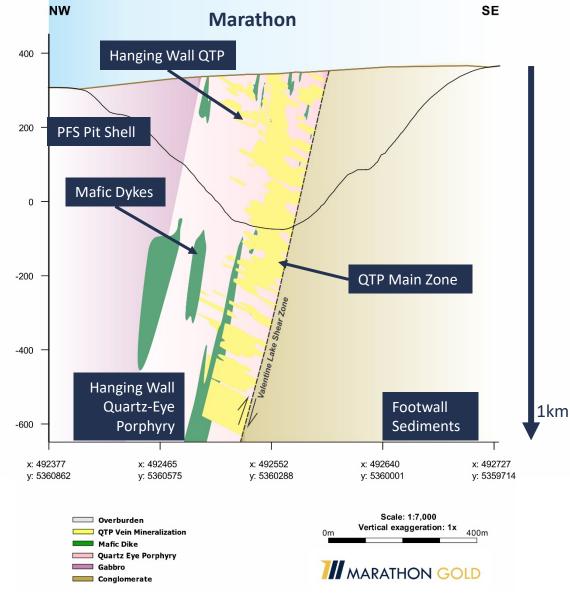


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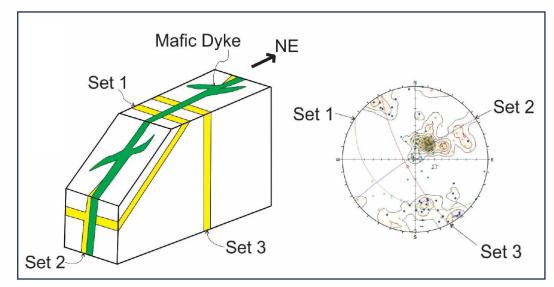


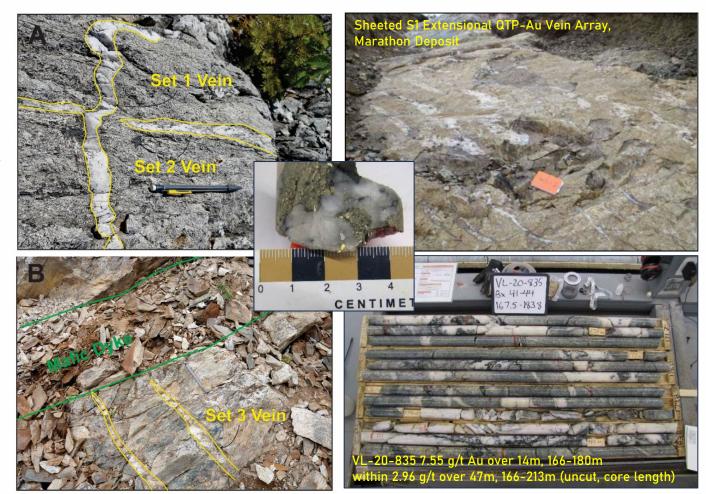
# "Main Zones" at the Marathon and Leprechaun Deposits





- Three sets of Quartz-Tourmaline-Pyrite-Au Veins
  - S1: Extensional, SW dipping
  - S2: Shear Parallel
  - S3: Orthogonal to shear and Mafic Dykes
- S1 set is dominant. S2 set minor. S3 set rare
- S1 veins stacked en-echelon, forming steeply plunging "Main Zones"
- Free gold. Minor telluride association







### Measured and Indicated Mineral Resources by Deposit

(Mineral Resources Inclusive of the Mineral Reserves)

	,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		/	
	Category	Tonnes (Mt	t) Grade	(g/t Au)	Oz (Moz A	Au)
Marathon [	Measured	23.99 +4	1% 1	69 <b>-2%</b>	1.31	+2%
I	ndicated	13.81 +6	5% 1	.48 -3%	0.66	+3%
j	Total M&I	37.80 +4	1% 1	.62 - <u>2%</u>	1.96	+2%
Leprechaun 1	Measured	8.60 +1	1% 2	22 +0%	0.61	+0%
<u> </u>	ndicated	8.48 +1	1% 1	72 <i>-1%</i>	0.47	+1%
j	Total M&I	17.07 +1	1% 1	.98 0%	1.08	+1%
Victory	Measured	_		-	_	
<u> </u>	ndicated	1.09 +1	1% 1	.46 -1%	0.05	+0%
j	Total M&I	1.09 +1	1% 1	.46 <i>-1%</i>	0.05	+0%
Sprite 1	Measured	-		-	_	
<u> </u>	ndicated	0.70 +3	3% 1	74 <i>-1%</i>	0.04	+1%
j	Total M&I	0.70 +3	3% 1	.74 -1%	0.04	+1%
Berry 1	Measured	-		-	_	
I	ndicated	-		-	-	
]	Total M&I	-		-	-	
All Deposits	Measured	32.59 +3	3% 1	83 -2%	1.92	+1%
<u> </u>	ndicated	24.07 +4	1% 1	57 <b>-2</b> %	1.22	+2%
j	Total M&I	56.66 +3	3% 1	.72 - <u>2%</u>	3.14	+1%

Changes from the January 2020 Estimate shown in italics.

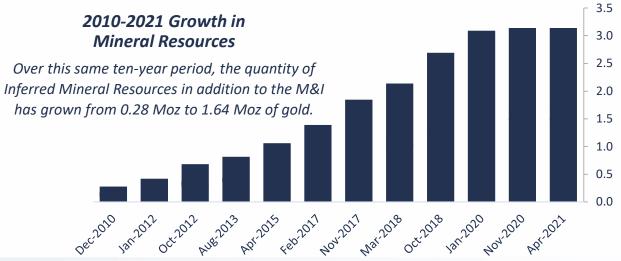
### Notes to the Mineral Resources.

- 1. The Mineral Resource has an effective date of Nov 20, 2020 (Marathon/Leprechaun/Sprite/Victory) and Apr 15, 2021 (Berry).
- 2. Mineral Resources are based on \$1,500/oz gold with a US\$:C\$ exchange rate of 0.75
- 3. In-pit Mineral Resources have been determined by the Whittle method based on an estimate of their reasonable prospects for economic extraction, using certain assumptions for gold recovery, costs for mining, processing and sale.
- 4. The Mineral Resources were estimated using a block model with a block size of 6 m by 6 m by 6 m sub-blocked to a minimum block size of 2 m by 2 m by 2 m using ID3 methods for grade estimation. All Mineral Resources are reported using an open pit gold cut-off of 0.300 g/t Au and an underground gold cut-off of 1.4 g/t Au.

## Inferred Mineral Resources by Deposit

	Category	Tonnes (Mt)	Grade (g/t Au)	Oz (Moz Au)
Marathon	Inferred	11.68 <i>+10%</i>	1.86 <i>-5%</i>	0.70 +5%
Leprechaun	Inferred	2.99 +5%	1.63 <i>-2%</i>	0.16 +3%
Victory	Inferred	2.33 +9%	1.26 <i>-4%</i>	0.09 +5%
Sprite	Inferred	1.25 +5%	1.26 <b>-2%</b>	0.05 +3%
Berry	Inferred	11.33 <i>n/a</i>	1.72 <i>n/a</i>	0.64 <i>n/a</i>
All Deposits	Total Inferred	29.59 +76%	1.72 <i>-3%</i>	1.64 +71%

Changes from the January 2020 Estimate shown in italics.



- 5. The reader is reminded that mineral resources which are not mineral reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability. The estimate of mineral resources may be materially affected by environmental, permitting, legal, title, socio-political, marketing, or other relevant issues including risks set forth in in Marathon's Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2020 and other fillings made with Canadian securities regulatory authorities and available at www.sedar.com.
  - Mineral Resources are inclusive of the Mineral Reserves
- 7. Columns may not sum exactly due to rounding.
- 8. See "Note on Historical Disclosure of Mineral Resources at the Valentine Gold Project" on slide 47

Moz

# 2021 Mineral Resources by Type

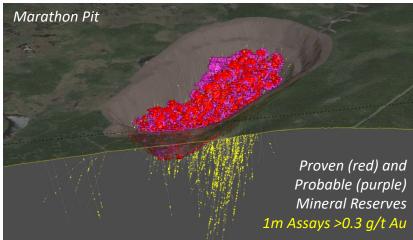
# MARATHON GOLD

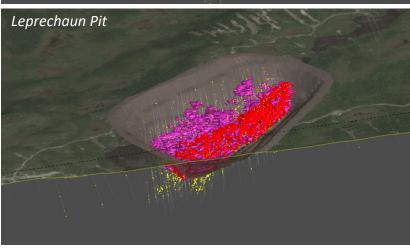
		Open Pit			Underground		Total			
Category	Tonnes (Mt)	Grade (g/t Au)	Oz (Moz Au)	Tonnes (Mt)	Grade (g/t Au)	Oz (Moz Au)	Tonnes (Mt)	Grade (g/t Au)	Oz (Moz Au)	
				High (	<u>Grade</u>					
Measured	18.51 <i>+3%</i>	2.77 <i>-1%</i>	1.65 <i>+2%</i>	0.51 -13%	4.05 -8%	0.07 <i>-20%</i>	19.02 +2%	2.81 <b>-1%</b>	1.72 +1%	
Indicated	13.04 +4%	2.37 <i>0%</i>	0.99 +3%	0.66 -7%	3.27 <i>-12%</i>	0.07 <i>-18%</i>	13.70 <i>+3%</i>	2.41 <i>-1%</i>	1.06 +2%	
Total M&I	31.55 <i>+3%</i>	2.61 -1%	2.64 +2%	1.17 <i>-10%</i>	3.61 <i>-10%</i>	0.14 <i>-19%</i>	32.72 +2%	2.64 <b>-1%</b>	2.78 +1%	
				Low C	<u>Grade</u>					
Measured	13.56 <i>+4%</i>	0.47 <i>0%</i>	0.20 +4%	-	-	-	13.56 +4%	0.47 <b>0%</b>	0.20 +4%	
Indicated	10.37 <i>+5%</i>	0.46 <i>0%</i>	0.15 +5%	_	-		10.37 +5%	0.46 <b>0%</b>	0.15 +5%	
Total M&I	23.93 +4%	0.47 <b>0</b> %	0.36 +4%	-	-	-	23.93 +4%	0.47 <mark>0%</mark>	0.36 +4%	
				<u>Total</u>	<u>M&amp;I</u>					
Measured	32.08 <i>+3%</i>	1.80 <i>-1%</i>	1.85 <i>+2%</i>	0.51 -13%	4.05 <i>-8%</i>	0.07 -20%	32.59 <i>+3%</i>	1.83 <b>-2%</b>	1.92 +1%	
Indicated	23.41 +4%	1.53 <i>-1%</i>	1.15 +3%	0.66 -7%	3.27 <i>-12%</i>	0.07 <i>-18%</i>	24.07 +4%	1.57 <i>-2%</i>	1.22 +2%	
Total M&I	55.49 <i>+4%</i>	1.68 <i>-1%</i>	3.00 +3%	1.17 <i>-10%</i>	3.61 <i>-10%</i>	0.14 <i>-19%</i>	56.66 <i>+3%</i>	1.72 -2%	3.14 +1%	
		Open Pit			Underground			Total		
Category	Tonnes (Mt)	Grade (g/t Au)	Oz (Moz Au)	Tonnes (Mt)	Grade (g/t Au)	Oz (Moz Au)	Tonnes (Mt)	Grade (g/t Au)	Oz (Moz Au)	
				High (	<u>Grade</u>					
Inferred	14.11 +84%	2.46 <i>+6%</i>	1.11 +95%	3.05 <i>+34%</i>	3.47 <i>-11%</i>	0.34 +19%	17.16 <i>+72%</i>	2.64 <i>-2%</i>	1.45 <i>+70%</i>	
				Low G	<u>Grade</u>					
Inferred	12.43 <i>+82%</i>	0.46 <b>0%</b>	0.18 +82%	-	-	-	12.43 <i>+82%</i>	0.46 <b>0%</b>	0.18 +82%	
				Total In	<u>iferred</u>					
Inferred	26.54 <i>+83%</i>	1.52 +6%	1.30 <i>+93%</i>	3.05 +34%	3.47 -11%	0.34 +19%	29.59 +76%	1.72 <i>-3%</i>	1.64 +71%	

Changes from the January 2020 Estimate shown in italics.

#### Notes to the Mineral Resources:

- . The Mineral Resource has an effective date of Nov 20, 2020 (Marathon/Leprechaun/Sprite/Victory) and Apr 15, 2021 (Berry).
- 2. Mineral Resources are based on \$1,500/oz gold with a US\$:C\$ exchange rate of 0.75
- In-pit Mineral Resources have been determined by the Whittle method based on an estimate of their reasonable prospects for economic extraction, using certain assumptions for gold recovery, costs for mining, processing and sale.
- 4. The Mineral Resources were estimated using a block model with a block size of 6 m by 6 m by 6 m sub-blocked to a minimum block size of 2 m by 2 m by 2 m using ID3 methods for grade estimation. All Mineral Resources are reported using an open pit gold cut-off of 0.300 g/t Au and an underground gold cut-off of 1.4 g/t Au.
- 5. The reader is reminded that mineral resources which are not mineral reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability. The estimate of mineral resources may be materially affected by environmental, permitting, legal, title, socio-political, marketing, or other relevant issues including risks set forth in in Marathon's Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2020 and other fillings made with Canadian securities regulatory authorities and available at www.sedar.com.
- 6. Mineral Resources are inclusive of the Mineral Reserves
- 7. Columns may not sum exactly due to rounding.





### Mineral Reserves by Deposit

Category	Tonnes	(Mt)	Diluted Grad	de (g/t Au)	Insitu Gold	(Moz Au)		
Proven	20.56	+15%	1.36	-3%	0.90	+11%		
Probable	9.11	+20%	1.15	-5%	0.34	+14%		
Total	29.67	+17%	1.30	-4%	1.24	+12%		
Proven	9.12	+9%	1.69	-3%	0.50	+5%		
Probable	8.27	+15%	1.19	-5%	0.32	+10%		
Total	17.39	+11%	1.45	-4%	0.81	+7%		
Total Mineral Reserves								
Total	47.06	+15%	1.36	-4%	2.05	+10%		

Changes from the April 2020 Estimate shown in italics.

High Grade (+0.70 g/t)

Low Grade (+0.30/-0.70 g/t)

Marathon Deposit

Leprechaun Deposit

### Mineral Reserves by Grade Category

			,	,		
Category	Tonnes	(Mt)	Diluted Grad	le (g/t Au)	Insitu Gold	(Moz Au)
Proven	17.94	+8%	2.11	-0%	1.21	+8%
Probable	9.47	+9%	1.74	+0%	0.53	+9%
Total	27.41	+8%	1.98	-0%	1.75	+8%
Proven	11.74	+22%	0.48	-4%	0.18	+17%
Probable	7.91	+29%	0.48	-5%	0.12	+23%
Total	19.65	+25%	0.48	-4%	0.30	+19%
		<u>Total I</u>	Mineral Reserv	<u>res</u>		
Total	47.06	+15%	1.36	-4%	2.05	+10%

### Notes to the Mineral Reserves:

- 1. The Mineral Reserve estimate has been prepared by an independent Qualified Person, Marc Schulte, P.Eng., of Moose Mountain Technical Services, with an effective date of March 29, 2021.
- 7. The Mineral Reserves are based on the Mineral Resource Estimate effective 6. November 20, 2020.
- 3. The Mineral Reserves are based on engineering and technical information developed at a Feasibility level for the Marathon and Leprechaun Deposits.
- Mineral Reserves are mined tonnes and grade, referenced to the mill feed at the crusher. This mill feed accounts for modifying factors such as estimated mining dilution and recovery.
- 5. Mineral Reserves are reported at a cut-off grade of 0.30 g/t Au, based on a US\$1,500/oz gold price, 0.75 US\$:C\$ exchange rate, 99.8% payable gold, US\$5/oz refining and transport costs, 0% royalties, 87% process recovery at cutoff, C\$12.00/t process costs, C\$3.00/t G&A costs, and C\$1.50/t stockpile re-handle costs.
  - The estimate of mineral reserves may be materially affected by environmental, permitting, legal, title, socio-political, marketing, or other relevant issues including risks set forth in in Marathon's Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2020 and other filings made with Canadian securities regulatory authorities and available at <a href="https://www.sedar.com">www.sedar.com</a>
  - Columns may not sum exactly due to rounding.



### **Marathon Pit**

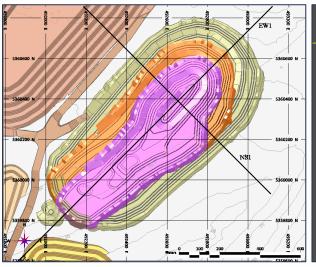
(1,350m x 700m x 328m, 6x6m Block Model, 6m Ore and 12m Waste Benches)

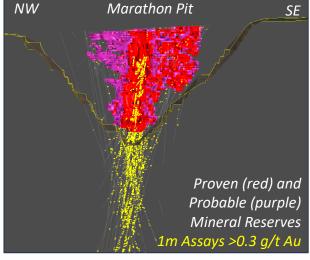
Pit	Oı (M	_	Diluted (g/t/		Was (M		Strip (w/		Insitu (Moz		Effici (t/c	
Phase 1	9.3	+27%	1.37	-7%	30.8	+25%	3.3	-3%	0.41	+17%	98	+8%
Phase 2	7.7	-9%	1.23	-4%	39.2	-11%	5.1	-4%	0.31	-13%	154	+2%
Phase 3	12.7	+31%	1.28	-3%	115.4	+14%	9.1	-13%	0.53	+28%	244	-10%
Total	29.7	+17%	1.30	-4%	185.5	+9%	6.3	-7%	1.24	+13%	174	-2%

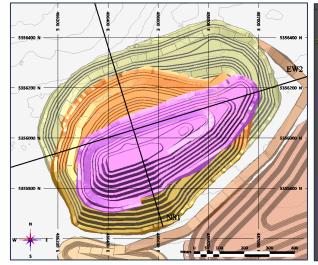
# Leprechaun Pit

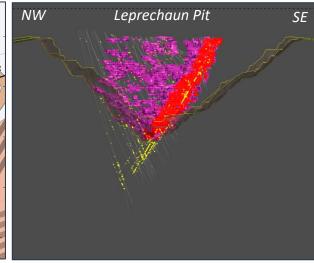
(1,000m x 725m x 306m, 6x6m Block Model, 6m Ore and 12m Waste Benches)

Pit	O (N		Diluted (g/t		Wa (M		Strip (w,	Ratio /o)	Insitu (Moz	Gold : Au)	Effici (t/d	iency oz)
Phase 1	5.4	+7%	1.47	-5%	24.8	-7%	4.6	-13%	0.26	+2%	118	-6%
Phase 2	4.5	+49%	1.36	+5%	58.8	+73%	13.1	+16%	0.20	+51%	322	+13%
Phase 3	7.5	-1%	1.49	-6%	70.7	-13%	9.4	-12%	0.36	-8%	218	-4%
Total	17.4	+11%	1.45	-5%	154.3	+9%	8.9	<b>-2</b> %	0.81	+7%	212	+2%









#### Notes to the Mineral Reserves:

- 1. The Mineral Reserve estimate has been prepared by an independent Qualified Person, Marc Schulte, P.Eng., of Moose Mountain Technical Services, with an effective date of March 29, 2021.
- 2. The Mineral Reserves are based on the Mineral Resource Estimate effective 6. November 20, 2020.
- 3. The Mineral Reserves are based on engineering and technical information developed at a Feasibility level for the Marathon and Leprechaun Deposits.
- Mineral Reserves are mined tonnes and grade, referenced to the mill feed at the crusher. This mill feed accounts for modifying factors such as estimated mining dilution and recovery.
- 5. Mineral Reserves are reported at a cut-off grade of 0.30 g/t Au, based on a U\$\$1,500/oz gold price, 0.75 U\$\$:C\$ exchange rate, 99.8% payable gold, U\$\$5/oz refining and transport costs, 0% royalties, 87% process recovery at cutoff, C\$12.00/t process costs, C\$3.00/t G&A costs, and C\$1.50/t stockpile re-handle costs.
  - The estimate of mineral reserves may be materially affected by environmental, permitting, legal, title, socio-political, marketing, or other relevant issues including risks set forth in in Marathon's Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2020 and other filings made with Canadian securities regulatory authorities and available at <a href="https://www.sedar.com">www.sedar.com</a>
  - Columns may not sum exactly due to rounding.

# Resource-Reserve Reconciliation **Marathon Deposit Illustrated**

Valentine Gold Project Feasibility Study March 29, 2021

Tonnage (Mt)	Grade (g/t Au)	Metal Content (Moz.)	Waste (Mt)	Reconciliation Steps
36.9	1.57	1.86		Mineral Resource Estimate using 2mx2mx2m sub- block resource model, Whittle pit method, and Reasonable Prospects for Economic Extraction test
24.4	1.63	1.28	190.2	Mining pit design optimized on undiscounted cumulative cash flow to optimize rate of return.
30.6	1.27	1.25	184.5	Applying estimated mining dilution of 21% and ore loss of 2% to 6mx6mx6m mining block model, addition of overburden
29.7	1.30	1.24	185.5	Transfer isolated ore blocks from ore to waste categories. Loss of 5% of ore and 2% of metal.
		1.18		Applying 94% average process recovery
25.4	1.35	1.10	170.3	Smaller Pit limits, 0.33 g/t cutoff grade
	(Mt) 36.9 24.4 30.6 29.7	(Mt) (g/t Au)  36.9 1.57  24.4 1.63  30.6 1.27  29.7 1.30	Tonnage (Mt) (g/t Au) Content (Moz.)  36.9 1.57 1.86  24.4 1.63 1.28  30.6 1.27 1.25  29.7 1.30 1.24  1.18	Tonnage (Mt) Grade (g/t Au) Content (Moz.) Waste (Mt)  36.9 1.57 1.86  24.4 1.63 1.28 190.2  30.6 1.27 1.25 184.5  29.7 1.30 1.24 185.5

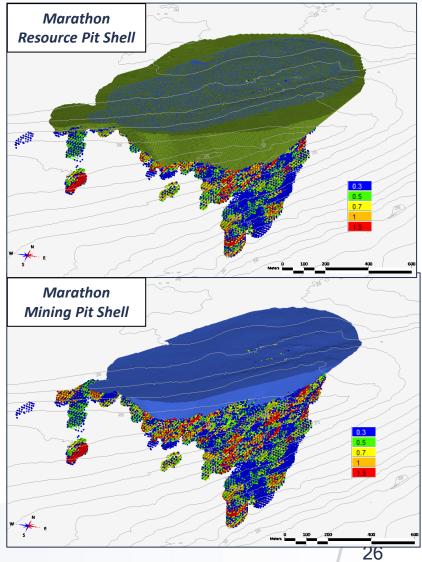
Inferred Mineral Resources within Mining	9
Pit (Undiluted, Classified as Waste)	

Marathon
Deposit

Category	Tonnes	Grade	Insitu Gold
	(Mt)	(g/t Au)	(Moz Au)
Inferred	3.9	1.56	0.19

### Notes

- 1. Mineral Resources are inclusive of the Mineral Reserves
- 2. Mineral Resources that are not Mineral Reserves do not have economic viability
- 3. See "Notes to the Mineral Resources", slide 21 and "Notes to the Mineral Reserves", slide 23



# Resource-Reserve Reconciliation Leprechaun Deposit Illustrated

Valentine Gold Project Feasibility Study March 29, 2021

	Tonnage (Mt)	Grade (g/t Au)	Metal Content (Moz.)	Waste (Mt)	Reconciliation Steps
M&I Mineral Resources in Resource Pit Shell Pit (0.30 g/t cutoff)	16.8	1.95	1.05		Mineral Resource Estimate using 2mx2mx2m sub- block resource model, Whittle pit method, and Reasonable Prospects for Economic Extraction test
M&I Mineral Resources in Mining Pit (0.30 g/t cutoff)	13.8	1.95	0.87	155.6	Mining pit design optimized on undiscounted cumulative cash flow to optimize rate of return. Revised slope inputs
Diluted M&I Mineral Resources in Mining Pit (0.30 g/t cutoff)	18.3	1.39	0.82	151.5	Applying estimated mining dilution of 25% and ore loss of 6% to 6mx6mx6m mining block model, addition of overburden
P&P Mineral Reserves	17.4	1.45	0.81	154.3	Transfer isolated ore blocks from ore to waste categories. Loss of 6% of ore and 2% of metal.
Recovered Ounces			0.77		Applying 94% average process recovery
PFS Reserves for Comparison	15.6	1.52	0.76	141.6	Smaller Pit limits, 0.33 g/t cutoff grade

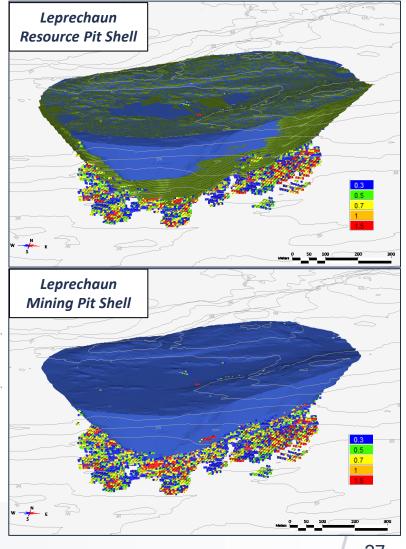
Inferred Mineral Res	ources within Mining
Pit (Undiluted, Clo	assified as Waste)

	Category	(Mt)
Leprechaun Deposit	Inferred	2.1

	Category	Tonnes (Mt)	Grade (g/t Au)	Insitu Gold (Moz Au)		
	Inferred	2.1	1.40	0.09		

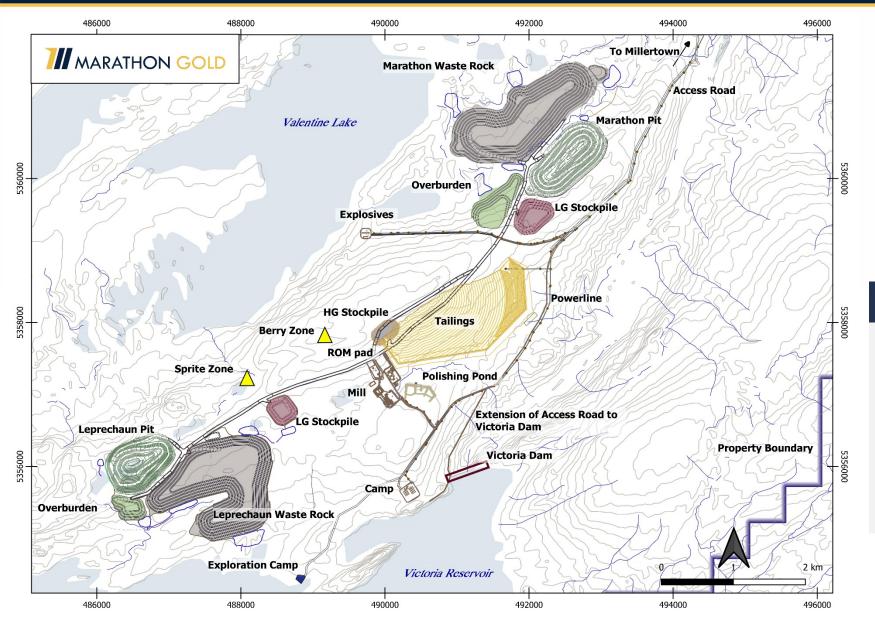
### Notes

- 1. Mineral Resources are inclusive of the Mineral Reserves
- Mineral Resources that are not Mineral Reserves do not have economic viability
- See "Notes to the Mineral Resources", slide 21 and "Notes to the Mineral Reserves", slide 23







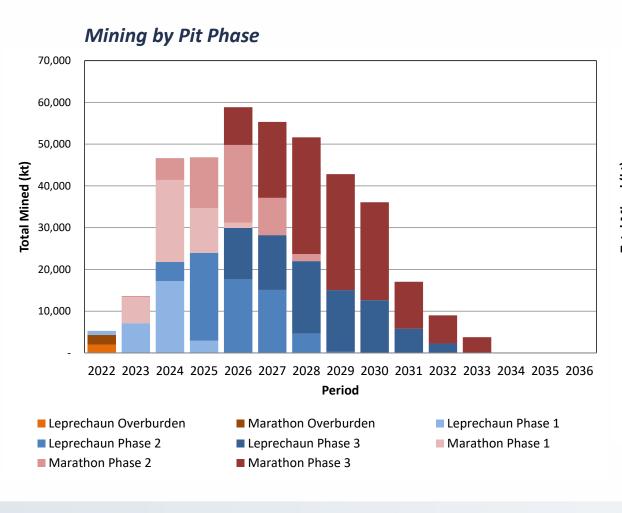


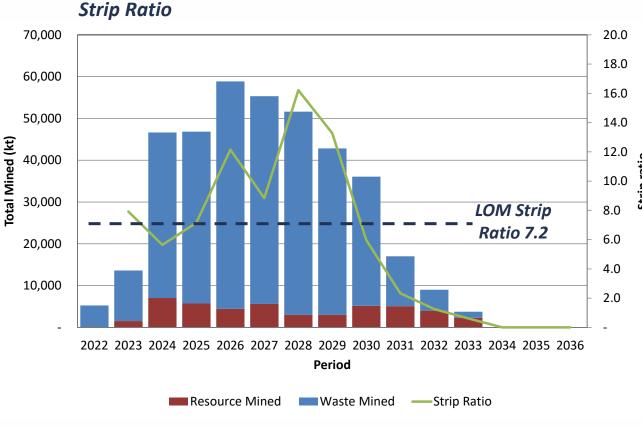
- Two open pits: Marathon & Leprechaun
- Waste piles adjacent to pits
- Tailings Management Facility ("TMF") avoids area of known fish habitat and is located downstream of the Victoria Reservoir and Victoria Dam
- Mill centrally located
- 300 person accommodation camp

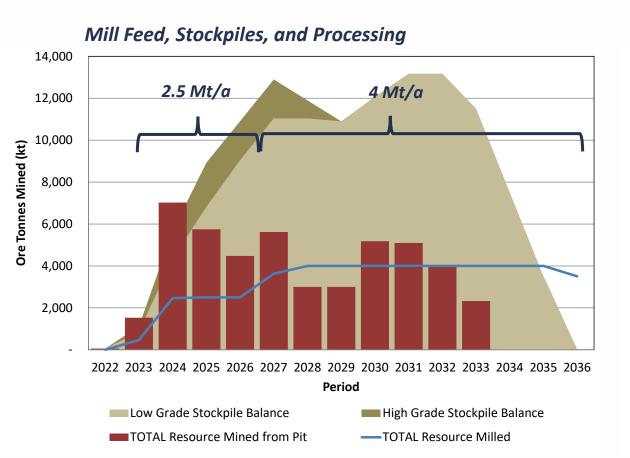
# What's Changed Since the April 2020 PFS?

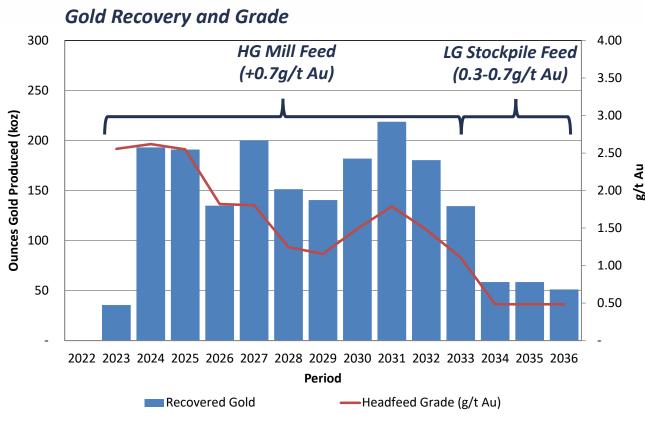
Primary Crusher, High Grade Stockpiles and Mill relocated to SW to avoid fly-rock zone from future potential Berry open pit.

TMF design adjusted for updated geotechnical and water balance data. TMF dam alignment optimized. Polishing pond relocated closer to mill.









# Mine Plan Production Data



Production Data <sup>note 1</sup>		Values	Units
	Life of Mine	13	Years
	Processing Years 2023-2026 (Phase 1)	6,800 (2.5)	tpd (Mtpa)
	Processing Years 2027-2036 (Phase 2)	11,000 (4.0)	tpd (Mtpa)
	Recovered Gold	1.93	Moz
	Average Gold Recovery	94.2%	
	Total Mined Tonnes (including prestrip)	387	Mt
	Total Milled Tonnes	47	Mt
	Overall Strip Ratio	7.2	waste:ore
0004 2022 High Condo Nai	Average Annual Gold Production	173	koz
2024-2033: High Grade N	Average Mill Feed Grade	1.62	g/t
Feed Run Rate <sup>note 2</sup>	Annual Average After-Tax Free Cash Flow	\$119	C\$M
	Average Annual Gold Production	56	koz
2034-2036: Low Grade	Average Mill Feed Grade	0.49	g/t
Stockpile Run Rate	Annual Average After-Tax Free Cash Flow	\$31	C\$M
	Average Annual Gold Production	146	koz
2024-2036: LOM Run	Average Mill Feed Grade	1.34	g/t
Rate <sup>note 2</sup>	Annual Average After-Tax Free Cash Flow	\$98	C\$M

### Notes:

<sup>1.</sup> See "Notes on non-IFRS Measures", slide 48

<sup>2.</sup> Measured in full years, excluding 2023 stub-year covering mill commissioning and ramp-up.



- Two phase design with mill expansion
- 2023-2026: 2.5 Mtpa, 75µm, Gravity-Leach CIL
- 2027-2036: 4 Mtpa, 150μm, Gravity-Flotation-Leach CIL (and pebble re-crush)

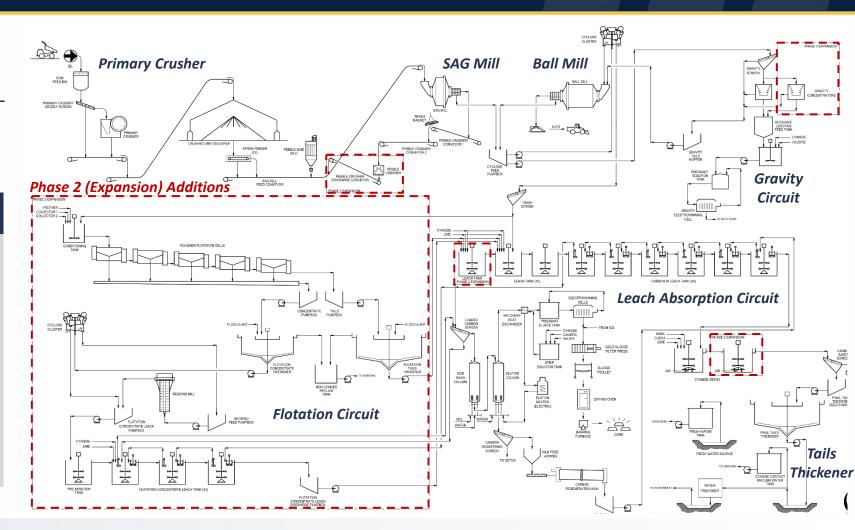
# What's Changed Since the April 2020 PFS?

LOM recovery increase from 93.0% to 94.2%. Lime decreased. Oxygen increased.

Larger ROM bin. Recirculation conveyors and transfer towers aligned to 2-phase design.

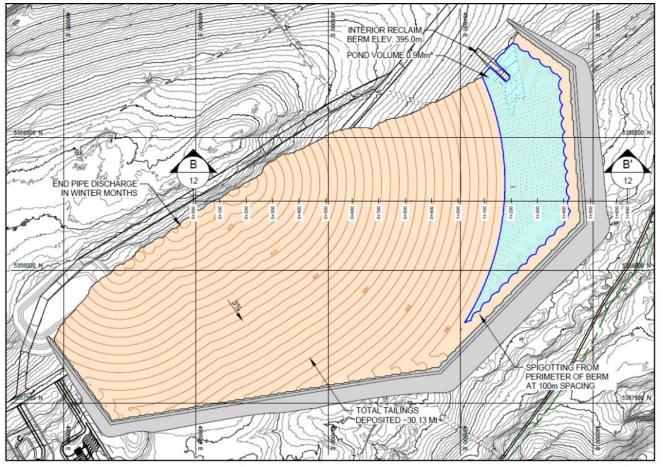
Smaller SAG mill. Larger Ball mill. 14% lower total grinding power consumption

CIL tank circuit expanded and realigned



# Tailings Management





-				1		1		1	ı	1	1	I		1	ı	
420 - 410 -						3%										
100								_			3%		TMF POND ELE	V 389.0m	35	CREST ELEV. 393.5n
380								_	7					10%		
370								EXISTING GROUND	-							
360															-117	
340	-					_	_			_				_		
330 +				-	-		_		-	-	-				+	
0	100	2	00	300	400	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1100 1	200 1	300 1	400 1	500 1600 1

TDAE	Voor of	Tailings Storage	Operational	Dam Crest Elevation			
TMF Stage	Year of Construction	Availability	Availability Period (End of		Minimum		
Stage	Construction	(Mt)	Year)	(masl)	(masl)		
1	2022 and 2023	3.125	2024	373.5	373.5		
2	2023	5.125	2024	390.1	376.3		
3	2024	6.875	2025	393.3	380		
4	2025	14.125	2027	399.6	385.5		
5	2027	22.125	2029	404.4	390		
6	2029	30.125	2032	408.7	393.5		

- Thickened tailings deposition. 30Mt capacity with mined Leprechaun pit available thereafter for remaining 17Mt.
- Stage 1 starter dam available July 2023 for mill wet commissioning and first gold pour October 2023.

# What's Changed Since the April 2020 PFS?

Dam alignment optimized, with reduced height and fill requirements

Polishing pond relocated closer to mill for efficiency and integration of water treatment plant

Site geotechnical surveys utilized for updated foundation stripping, slope stability and seepage modeling. Geomembrane installed on foundation 100m upstream of dam toe for seepage mitigation.





# Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves<sup>notes1-3</sup>

No New Drilling. Berry Excluded.
US\$1,500 (from US\$1,300) for
Resources/Reserves
Pit Shapes Optimised

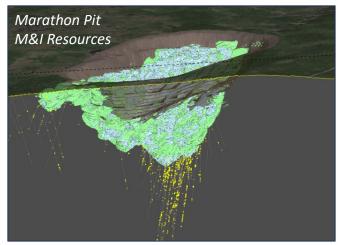
+10% P&P Ounces (1.87 to 2.05 Moz) +1% M&I Ounces (3.09 to 3.14 Moz) +71% Inferred Ounces (0.96 to 1.64 Moz)

# **Mining and Processing**

Same Mine Plan
Same Mill and Flow Sheet
Same Tailings Location and Strategy

Increased Mine Life (12 Years to 13 Years)
Increased LOM Recoveries (93.0% to 94.2%)
+11% Recovered Ounces (1.74 to 1.93 Moz)





# Capex and Opex<sup>note4</sup>

Re-estimated Costs, 88% from Quoted Scopes 70% of costs from NL Suppliers Effective Date of February 2021 Direct Costs, Indirects and Labour Rates

+12% Initial Capex (C\$272M to C\$305M) +18% LOM Total Capital (C\$560M to C\$662M) +13% LOM Project AISC (US\$739 to US\$833/oz) Longer Construction Schedule (18 to 22 months)

### Valuation<sup>note4</sup>

Same C\$0.75 F/X Rate. Same 5% Discount Rate. Gold Price US\$1,500 (from US\$1,350)

Reduced After-Tax IRR (36.2% to 31.5%) +27% After-Tax NPV<sub>5%</sub> (C\$472M to C\$600M) +37% After-Tax FCF (C\$710M to C\$973M)

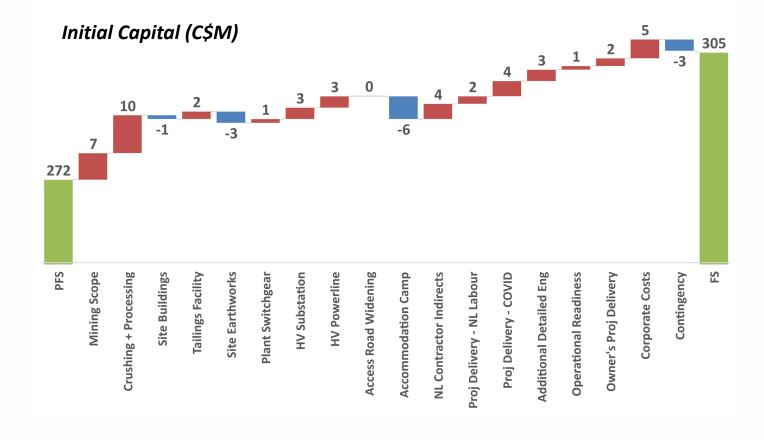
#### otes:

- 1. Mineral Resources are inclusive of the Mineral Reserves
- 2. Inferred Mineral Resources that are within the open pits are treated as waste and excluded from the FS economic analysis.
- 3. Mineral resources which are not mineral reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability. The estimate of mineral resources may be materially affected by environmental, permitting, legal, title, socio-political, marketing, or other relevant issues including risks set forth in in Marathon's Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2020 and other filings made with Canadian securities regulatory authorities and available at www.sedar.com.
- See "Notes on non-IFRS Measures", slide 48

## MARATHON GOLD

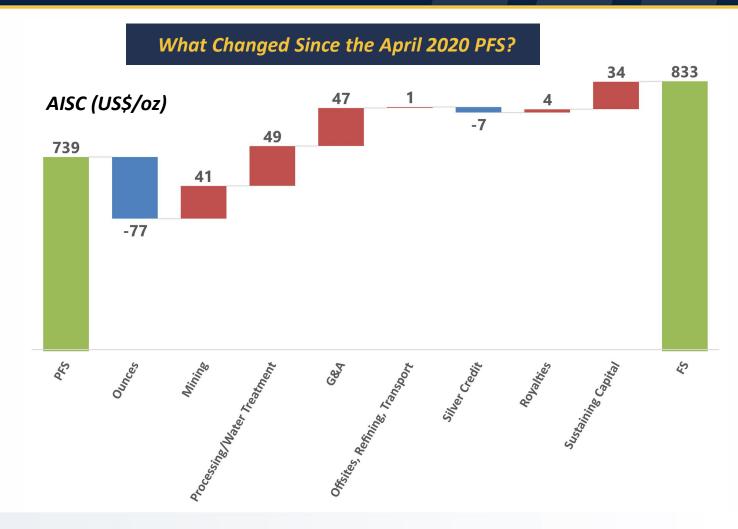
ltem <sup>note 1</sup>	Cos	t (C\$M)
Pre-strip Mining Capex	\$	32
Mining Capex	\$	19
Process Plant	\$	88
Infrastructure	\$	54
Offsite Infrastructure	\$	21
Contractor Indirects	\$	16
Project Delivery	\$ \$	29
Owners Cost		15
Contingency	\$	32
Total Initial Capital	\$	305
Mill Expansion	\$	40
Contingency	\$	4
Mill Expansion Capital	\$	44
Sustaining Capital, Mining	\$	186
Sustaining Capital, Infrastructure	\$	89
Closure	\$	36
Salvage	\$	(20)
Contingency	\$	21
Total Sustaining Capital	\$	312
LOM Total	\$	662

## What Changed Since the April 2020 PFS?



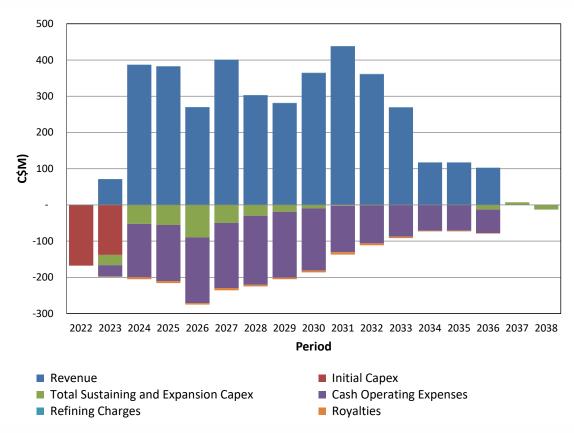
- See "Notes on non-IFRS Measures", slide 48
- Columns may not sum exactly due to rounding

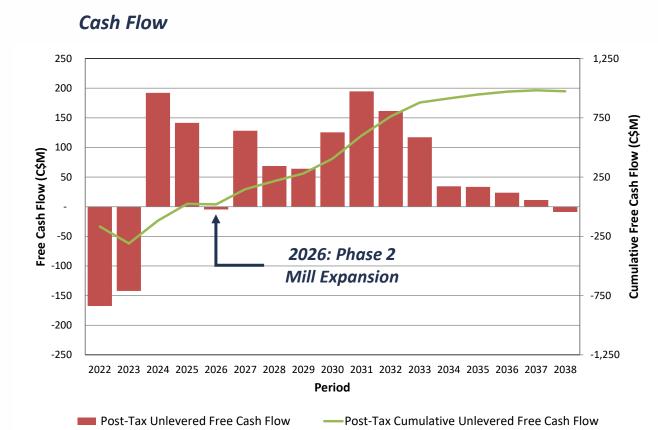
ltem <sup>note 1</sup>		Value	Units
Tonnes Mined, Years 1-14		376	Mt
Tonnes Milled, Years 1-14		47	Mt
Payable Ounces		1.93	Moz
	\$	962	C\$M
Mining Costs	\$	2.55	C\$/tonne mined
	\$	20.44	C\$/tonne milled
Dunancius Q Mateu Turchus at	\$	589	C\$M
Processing & Water Treatment	\$	12.51	C\$/tonne milled
G&A	\$	215	C\$M
	\$	4.58	C\$/tonne milled
	\$	1,765	C\$M
Total	\$	37.52	C\$/tonne milled
Off-Site Costs, Refining and Transport	\$	8	C\$M
Silver Credit	\$	(18)	C\$M
Royalties <sup>note 2</sup>	\$	58	C\$M
Total Cash Costs	\$	704	US\$/oz
	\$	332	C\$M
Sustaining Capital (excluding salvage) Total AISCnote 3	\$ \$	833	US\$/oz

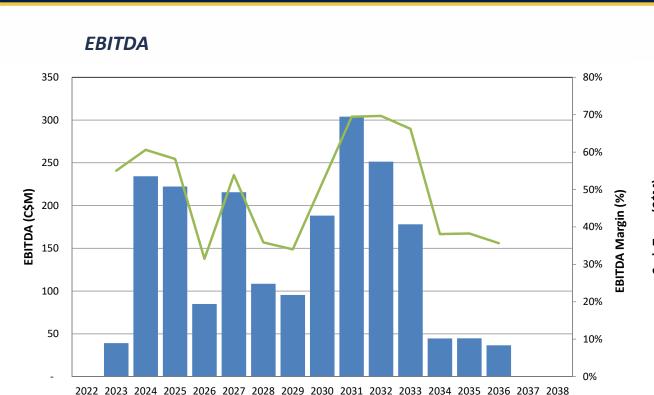


- 1. See "Notes on non-IFRS Measures", slide 48.
- 2. A 1.5% Net Smelter Royalty ("NSR") is applied to all gold production. In February 2019 the Company sold a 2% net smelter returns royalty on the Valentine Gold Project to Franco-Nevada Corp. The FS assumes the exercise of a right in favour of the Company to repurchase 0.5% of the NSR for US\$7M prior to December 31, 2022, the cost of which is excluded from the Project-level economic analysis.
- 3. AISC includes Cash Costs and Sustaining Capital, including expansion and closure costs. Excludes salvage and Corporate G&A.
- 4. Columns may not sum exactly due to rounding.

## Revenues, Capex, Opex

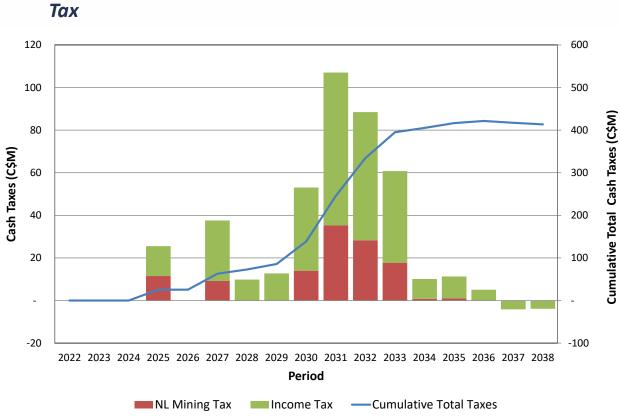






Period

EBITDA —EBITDA Margin





- Valuation Inputs<sup>note 1</sup>
  - US\$1500/oz for Mineral Resources
  - US\$1500/oz for Mineral Reserves
  - US\$1500/oz for Financial Model and Valuation
  - US\$:C\$ exchange of 0.75
  - Effective tax rate of 30%
  - 1.5% Royalty<sup>note 2</sup>
  - 5% discount rate, discounted to Dec 31, 2021
  - January 1, 2022 construction start; October 2023 first gold pour
- Base Case Financial Results
  - Pre-Tax NPV<sub>5%</sub> of C\$867M, IRR of 36.9%, Payback<sup>note3</sup> of 1.8 years
  - Post-Tax NPV<sub>5%</sub> of C\$600M, IRR of 31.5%, Payback<sup>note3</sup> of 1.9 years
  - NPV<sub>5%</sub>/Initial Capex of 2.0x
  - EBITDA of C\$2,048M at 53% margin
  - Post-Tax unlevered free cash flow of C\$973M
- The project achieves an IRR of 15% at US\$1,185/oz
- The project achieves a NPV<sub>5%</sub>/Initial Capex ratio of 1:1 at US\$1,245/oz
- The project achieves a NPV<sub>15%</sub>/Initial Capex ratio of 1:1 at US\$1,630/oz

Project Financial Metrics Sensitivity to Gold Price										
Gold Price (US\$/oz)		<b>\$1,250</b> <i>Downside</i>	K	<b>\$1,350</b> <i>PFS Case</i>	K	<b>\$1,500</b> <i>Base Case</i>	7	<b>\$1,550</b> Consensus	7	<b>\$1,750</b> <i>Spot</i>
After-Tax NPV (C\$M)	0%	\$579		\$739		\$973		\$1,052		\$1,351
	3%	\$403		\$537		\$727		\$792		\$1,033
	5%	\$313		\$432		\$600		\$657		\$868
	8%	\$208		\$309		\$450		\$497		\$672
	10%	\$153		\$245		\$370		\$412		\$568
	. 15%	\$52		\$125		\$223		\$255		\$375
After-Tax IRR		18.8%		24.4%		31.5%		33.9%		42.2%
NPV <sub>5%</sub> /Capex		1.0x		1.4x		2.0x		2.2x		2.8x
After-Tax Payback	Years	5.4		3.8		1.9		1.7		1.4
EBIDTA	(C\$M)	\$1,414		\$1,668		\$2,048		\$2,175		\$2,682
EBITDA Margin		44%		48%		53%		54%		60%
Total After-Tax FCF <sup>note4</sup>	(C\$M)	\$579		\$739		\$973		\$1,052		\$1,351
Average Annual FCF <sup>note5</sup>	(C\$M)	\$84		\$99		\$119		\$126		\$152

- 1. See "Notes on non-IFRS Measures", slide 48.
- 2. Assumes re-purchase of 0.5% of Franco Nevada royalty prior to production startup.
- 3. Payback is defined as achieving cumulative positive free cashflow after all cash costs and capital costs, including sustaining and expansion.
- 4. Calculated LOM.
- 5. Calculated for the period 2024-2033 of sustained high grade mill feed.



## **Key Takeaways** (all metrics quoted after-tax)<sup>note 1</sup>

- Low Capital Intensity
  - Base Case (US\$1,500/oz) NPV<sub>5%</sub>/Capex Ratio of 1.94x
  - Spot (US\$1,750/oz) NPV<sub>5%</sub>/Capex Ratio of 2.80x
- High-Grade, High-Margin Project on Startup for Fast Payback. For the period 2024-2025 with high grade mill feed at US\$1500/oz:
  - After-Tax Payback: 1.9 years
  - Head Grade 2.58 g/t, Gold production of 192 koz/year
  - Average Annual EBITDA of C\$228M and FCF of C\$167M
  - NSR rock value of C\$156 /t note 2
- Ten Years of High Value Rock and High Margins. For the period 2024-2033 with high grade mill feed at US\$1500/oz:
  - Head Grades 1.62 g/t, Gold Production of 173 koz/year
  - Average Annual EBITDA of C\$188M and FCF of C\$119M
  - NSR rock value of C\$99 /t note 2

All metrics quoted after-tax in C\$M		-20%	-10%	0%	10%	20%
	IRR	15.9%	24.4%	31.5%	38.1%	44.2%
Head Grade	NPV	\$249	\$432	\$600	\$765	\$920
2	IRR	37.5%	34.7%	31.5%	28.2%	24.9%
Operating Cost	NPV	\$752	\$680	\$600	\$520	\$442
Initial Constant Cont	IRR	38.5%	34.7%	31.5%	28.9%	26.6%
Initial Capital Cost	NPV	\$639	\$620	\$600	\$581	\$561
	IRR	35.6%	33.6%	31.5%	29.4%	27.3%
Mining Cost (C\$/t Mined)	NPV	\$690	\$646	\$600	\$554	\$510
Gold Price	IRR	15.9%	24.4%	31.5%	38.1%	44.2%
Gold File	NPV	\$250	\$432	\$600	\$765	\$920
\$Cdn:\$US F/X Rate	IRR	47.1%	38.8%	31.5%	25.0%	18.8%
	NPV	\$999	\$783	\$600	\$447	\$312

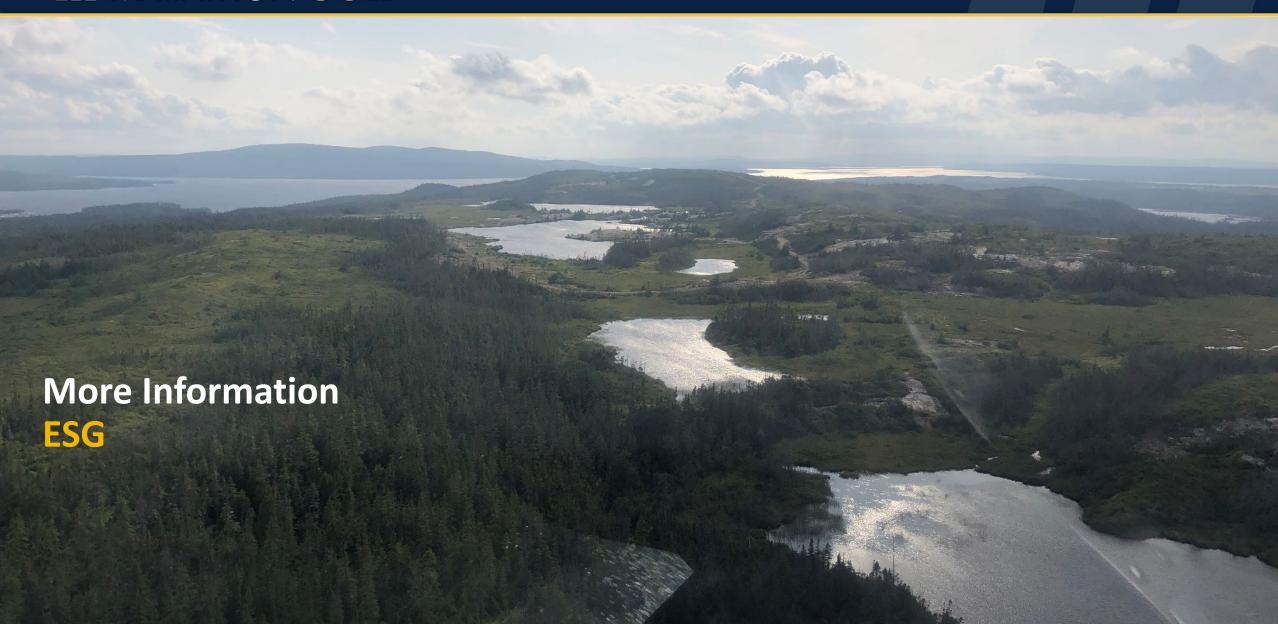
<sup>1.</sup> See "Notes on non-IFRS Measures", slide 48



Opportunity	Description	Scale <sup>notes1-3</sup>	Benefit to Project
Opportunity to Enlarge Open Pits into additional M&I Mineral Resources	FS open pits are optimized for rate of return and not scale or NPV. Pit enlargement is possible with higher strip ratio for lower IRR threshold.	Additional OP M&I Mineral Resources at Marathon and Leprechaun of 0.76 Moz (15.52 Mt at 1.53 g/t Au) are contained within the Whittle Mineral Resource Pit shells but excluded from the FS Mining Pits.	Mine Life Extension
Opportunity to convert Inferred Mineral Resources	Additional Inferred Mineral Resources exist both within the FS mining pits and in the Whittle Mineral Resource pit shells.	Additional OP Inferred Mineral Resources at Marathon and Leprechaun of 0.61 Moz (12.45 Mt at 1.51 g/t) including 0.29 Moz (5.92 Mt at 1.50 g/t Au) contained within the FS mining pit shells (undiluted, and treated as waste).	<ul> <li>Mine Life Extension</li> <li>Reduced Strip Ratio</li> <li>Opportunity to increase mill feed cut-off and head grade</li> </ul>
Opportunity to bring in additional open pit ore sources (eg Berry) through exploration	On going exploration at the Berry Zone has the potential to provide another potential open pit source of ore feed. Additional 2021 exploration at Sprite and Victory Deposits	Ongoing exploration	<ul> <li>Mine Life Extension</li> <li>Increased annual production via potential Phase 3 mill expansion (increased ore supply from 3 pits operating in parallel)</li> </ul>
Acceleration of Phase 2 Mill Expansion	Bring forward mill expansion to 4Mtpa from 2026 to 2023/24. Immediate expansion on start-up	Highest grade mill feed of 2.6 g/t Au processed at higher rates	<ul><li>Higher up front gold production</li><li>Faster payback</li></ul>
Future Underground Mining	Both the Marathon and Leprechaun ore bodies are open at depth. Limited exploration below Whittle pit shells	Additional UG M&I Mineral Resources at Marathon and Leprechaun of 0.14 Moz (1.17 Mt at 3.61 g/t Au) and UG Inferred Mineral Resources of 0.27 Moz (2.43 Mt at 3.43 g/t Au)	Mine Life Extension

- 1. Mineral Resources are inclusive of the Mineral Reserves
- 2. Mineral Resources that are not Mineral Reserves do not have economic viability
- 3. See "Notes to the Mineral Resources", slide 21 and "Notes to the Mineral Reserves", slide 23







- Creation of over 19,000 person years of total employment in Canada (direct, indirect and induced), including approximately 11,000 person years in NL
- Average annual employment of nearly 1,300 person years of employment in Canada, including an annual average of 725 person years within NL
- Generation of approximately C\$1.3 billion in income to workers and businesses within Canada, including C\$750 million to workers and businesses located within NL
- Contribution of C\$3.6 billion to Canada's gross domestic product (GDP), which includes C\$2.9 billion to NL's GDP
- Generation of approximately C\$292 million in federal government revenues
- Generation of approximately C\$400 million (C\$27 million on an average annual basis) in incremental revenues to the treasury of NL











<sup>1.</sup> Based on the Valentine Gold Project Pre-Feasibility Study released in April 2020, and an independent assessment completed by Strategic Concepts Inc.

MARATHON GOLD

Quarterly Newsletter - Q3 2020

Gold team as the Manager of

# MARATHON GOLD













George Faught Chairman

Over 35 years of senior management, corporate development and operational experience in the natural resources, financial services and health services industries



Jim Gowans Director

Over 30 years experience in mineral exploration, technical and economic project studies, and mine construction, commissioning and operations. 2016-2018 served as President & CEO of Arizona Mining Inc.



Janice Stairs
Director

Over 30 years experience working with companies involved in the resource sector. Since 2004, Janice has held senior executive positions with various resource companies including Endeavour Mining Corporation, Etruscan Resources Inc. and Namibia Critical Metals Inc.



Doug Bache Director

commodity and capital markets, business and corporate development experience in mining, financial services, and IT

Business executive with over 35

years of experience. Served as a

member of the Newfoundland

House of Assembly from 2014-

2018 as Minister of Finance and

President of Treasury Board and

Minister of the Status of Women

Finance professional with over 25

years of corporate finance,



Julian Kemp Director

Over 25 years of experience in the mining industry in financial and management roles. His experience has been focused on restructuring and transforming exploration and development companies into producers



Joe Spiteri Director

Over 35 years experience in advanced-stage exploration, feasibility, construction, operations and acquisitions. Member of the Canadian Institute of Mining and the Association of Professional Geoscientists of Ontario









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# Note on Historical Disclosure of Mineral Resources at the Valentine Gold Project

One of Canada's Leading Gold Development Projects

Effective December 11, 2010, Technical Report Dated January 31, 2011 Measured Mineral Resources of 2.1 Mt at 2.77 g/t Au for 0.19 Moz Au; Indicated Mineral Resources of 1.2 Mt at 2.36 g/t Au for 0.09 Moz Au; Inferred Mineral Resources of 4.4 Mt at 2.01 g/t Au for 0.28 Moz Au.

Effective January 9, 2012, Technical Report Dated May 11, 2012

Measured Mineral Resources of 1.4 Mt at 1.90 g/t Au for 0.08 Moz Au; Indicated Mineral Resources of 5.97 Mt at 2.09 g/t Au for 0.34 Moz Au; Inferred Mineral Resources of 5.7 Mt at 1.65 g/t Au for 0.30 Moz Au.

Effective October 22, 2012, Technical Report Dated October 26, 2012

Measured Mineral Resources of 3.0 Mt at 2.30 g/t Au for 0.22 Moz Au; Indicated Mineral Resources of 6.5 Mt at 2.19 g/t Au for 0.46 Moz Au; Inferred Mineral Resources of 2.0 Mt at 2.30 g/t Au for 0.14 Moz Au.

Effective August 1, 2013, Technical Report Dated September 16, 2013
Leprechaun Deposit: Measured Mineral Resources of 3.6 Mt at 2.26 g/t Au for 0.26
Moz Au; Indicated Mineral Resources of 7.0 Mt at 2.29 g/t Au for 0.51 Moz Au;
Inferred Mineral Resources of 1.56 Mt at 2.79 g/t Au for 0.14 Moz Au. Valentine Hill
East: Indicated Mineral Resources of 0.8 Mt at 1.67 g/t Au for 0.04 Moz Au; Inferred
Mineral Resources of 0.2 Mt at 1.47 g/t Au for 0.09 Moz Au.

Effective April 30, 2015, Technical Report Dated June 11, 2015: Measured Mineral Resources of 3.6 Mt at 2.26 g/t Au for 0.26 Moz Au; Indicated Mineral Resources of 11.4 Mt at 2.18 g/t Au for 0.80 Moz Au; Inferred Mineral Resources of 2.2 Mt at 2.85 g/t Au for 0.20 Moz Au.

Effective February 16, 2017, Technical Report Dated March 28, 2017

Measured Mineral Resources of 5.3 Mt at 1.97 g/t Au for 0.34 Moz; Indicated Mineral Resources of 17.3 Mt at 1.90 g/t Au for 1.05 Moz Au; Inferred Mineral Resources of 10.7 Mt at 2.24 g/t Au for 0.77 Moz Au.

Effective November 27, 2017, Technical Report Dated January 4, 2018

Measured Mineral Resources of 13.5 Mt at 2.14 g/t Au for 0.93 Moz Au; Indicated Mineral Resources of 17.0 Mt at 1.68 g/t Au for 0.92 Moz Au; Inferred Mineral Resources of 19.0 Mt at 1.65 g/t Au for 1.01 Moz Au.

Effective Dates November 27, 2017 and March 5, 2018 Technical Report Dated May 28, 2018: Measured Mineral Resources of 13.9 Mt at 2.25 g/t Au for 1.00 Moz Au; Indicated Mineral Resources of 19.5 Mt at 1.81 g/t Au for 1.13 Moz Au; Inferred Mineral Resources of 17.3 Mt at 1.99 g/t Au for 1.10 Moz Au.

Effective Dates November 27, 2017, October 5, 2018 and October 9, 2018, Technical Report Dated October 30 2018:

Measured Mineral Resources of 16.6 Mt at 2.18 g/t Au for 1.17 Moz Au; Indicated Mineral Resources of 28.5 Mt at 1.66 g/t Au for 1.53 Moz Au; Inferred Mineral Resources 26.9 Mt at 1.77 g/t Au for 1.53 Moz Au.

Effective Date January 10, 2020, Technical Report Dated April 21, 2020: Measured Mineral Resources of 31.7 Mt at 1.86 g/t Au for 1.9 Moz Au; Indicated Mineral Resources of 23.2 Mt at 1.60 g/t Au for 1.19 Moz Au; Inferred Mineral Resources 16.77 Mt at 1.78 g/t Au for 0.96 Moz Au.

Effective Date November 20, 2020 and April 15, 2021, Technical Report Dated April 23, 2021: Measured Mineral Resources of 32.59 Mt at 1.83 g/t Au for 1.92 Moz Au; Indicated Mineral Resources of 24.07 Mt at 1.57 g/t Au for 1.22 Moz Au; Inferred Mineral Resources 29.59 Mt at 1.72 g/t Au for 1.64 Moz Au.

### Non-IFRS Financial Measures

The Company has included certain non-IFRS financial measures in this news release, such as Initial Capital Cost, Total Cash Cost, AISC, Expansion Capital, Capital Intensity, EBITDA and Effective Cash Tax Rate which are not measures recognized under IFRS and do not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS. As a result, these measures may not be comparable to similar measures reported by other corporations. Each of these measures are intended to provide additional information to the reader and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures prepared in accordance with IFRS.

Certain non-IFRS financial measures used in this news release and common to the gold mining industry are defined below.

Total Cash Cost and Total Cash Cost per Ounce

Total Cash Cost is reflective of the cost of production. Total Cash Cost reported in the FS include mining costs, processing & water treatment costs, general and administrative costs of the mine, off-site costs, refining costs, transportation costs and royalties. Total Cash Cost per Ounce is calculated as Total Cash Cost divided by payable gold ounces.

All-in Sustaining Cost ("AISC") and AISC per Ounce

AISC is reflective of all of the expenditures that are required to produce an ounce of gold from operations. AISC reported in the FS includes total cash costs, sustaining capital, expansion capital and closure costs, but excludes corporate general and administrative costs and salvage. AISC per Ounce is calculated as AISC divided by payable gold ounces.